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Report on Compliance over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with the Statutes, Rules, and Regulations of the California Transportation Development Act and the Allocation Instructions and Resolutions of the Local Transportation Commission 14
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Redwood Coast Transit Authority
Crescent City, California

Report on the Financial Statements
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Redwood Coast Transit Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Redwood Coast Transit Authority, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters
As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Transportation Development Act Funds used by the Redwood Coast Transit Authority and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Del Norte Local Transportation Commission in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
Required Supplementary Information
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management’s discussion and analysis as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Regulatory Requirements
In accordance with Transportation Development Act statutes, rules and regulations, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2018, on our consideration of Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of statutes, rules, regulations, and grant agreements of the Transportation Development Act. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Transportation Development Act statutes, rules and regulations in considering Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.
R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
San Rafael, California
November 27, 2018
This section of Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s (the Authority’s) financial statements presents management’s overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Authority is a joint powers authority entered into by the County of Del Norte and the City of Crescent City. The Authority administers transportation programs to the public including local and regional bus routes, specialized transportation services for seniors and disabled, and intercity bus routes that connect to national carriers, Greyhound and Amtrak Thruway.

Introduction to the Basic Financial Statements
This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority’s audited financial statements. This annual report is prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management’s Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. The required financial statements include the Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund; and Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund.

Statement of Net Position
This statement includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting as of the statement date. The difference between the classifications is represented as “Net Position”; this section of the statement identifies major categories of restrictions on these assets and reflects the overall financial position of the Authority.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
This statement presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flow.

Statement of Cash Flows
This statement reflects the inflows and outflows of cash, summarized by type of activity. The direct method was used to prepare information for the reporting period activities. This means the gross rather than net amounts were presented for the year’s activities.

These statements are supported by notes to the financial statements. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the Authority.

Proprietary Fund Analytical Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proprietary Fund Net Position at June 30</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net position:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net position</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Authority's governmental net position amounted to $1,091,478 as of June 30, 2018, a change of $1,015 from the June 30, 2017 balance. This increase in the change in net position is reflected in Table 2, the Statement of Changes in Proprietary Fund Net Position.

The Authority’s programs are financed through a combination of passenger fares, federal and state grants, and Local Transportation Funds derived from 1/4 cent of the state sales tax collected per dollar in Del Norte County. Since most state and federal grant funds are received on a reimbursement basis, the Authority has a significant Accounts Receivable at the conclusion of each fiscal year. The reliance on reimbursement of grant funds affects available cash, and also results in a significant Accounts Payable balance.

Table 2
Changes in Proprietary Fund Net Position

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expenses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services and supplies</td>
<td>$1,351,041</td>
<td>$1,303,483</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenses</td>
<td>1,351,041</td>
<td>1,303,483</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program revenues:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charges for services</td>
<td>139,330</td>
<td>205,807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government grants</td>
<td>524,593</td>
<td>452,825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total program revenues</td>
<td>663,923</td>
<td>658,632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General revenues:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and other income</td>
<td>43,553</td>
<td>5,608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>644,580</td>
<td>573,205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total general revenues</td>
<td>688,133</td>
<td>578,813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total revenues</td>
<td>1,352,056</td>
<td>1,237,445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in net position</td>
<td>$1,015</td>
<td>$(66,038)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As shown in Table 2, above, $663,923 or 49% of the Authority’s 2018 revenue, came from operating revenues which consisted of passenger fares and government grants. $688,133, or 51% of the Authority's 2018 revenue, came from non-operating revenues consisting of sales taxes, gas taxes, local transportation funds, and other revenue.

Government grants changed $5,291 in 2018. This change is due to a variety of factors including timing of federal operating assistance grants, and the use of federal capital grants for the purchase of equipment and vehicles.

Capital Assets
GASB Statement No. 34 requires the Authority to record all its capital assets that were not recorded in prior years. Detail on capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the financial statements.

Debt Administration
The Authority does not utilize long-term debt to fund operations or growth.

Economic Outlook and Major Initiatives
Financial planning is based on specific assumptions from recent trends, State of California economic forecasts and historical growth patterns in the various communities served by the Authority.
Contacting the Authority's Financial Management
These financial statements are intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances. Questions about this Report should be directed to Redwood Coast Transit Authority, c/o TMTP Consulting LLC, 1275 Fourth Street #733, Santa Rosa, CA 95404.
ASSETS
Current assets:
  Cash $ 348,945
  Prepaid items 1,875
  Accounts receivable 233,091
  Total current assets 583,911

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 664,834

Total assets 1,248,745

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION
Current liabilities:
  Accounts payable 157,267
  Total current liabilities 157,267

Net Position:
  Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 664,834
  Unrestricted 426,644
  Total net position $ 1,091,478
Redwood Coast Transit Authority  
Transportation Development Act Funds  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION  
Public Transit Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enterprise Fund</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating revenue:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fares</td>
<td>$ 139,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total operating revenue</td>
<td>139,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating expenses:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchased transportation</td>
<td>924,681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative services and supplies</td>
<td>300,536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>125,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total operating expenses</td>
<td>1,351,041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net operating income (loss)</td>
<td>(1,211,711)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other revenues and (expenses):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Transportation Funds</td>
<td>536,255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Transit Assistance Funds</td>
<td>108,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal 5311 Operating assistance</td>
<td>524,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other income</td>
<td>43,152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total other revenues and expenses</td>
<td>1,212,726</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in net position</td>
<td>1,015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net position, beginning of period</td>
<td>1,090,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net position, end of period</td>
<td>$ 1,091,478</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Redwood Coast Transit Authority
Transportation Development Act Funds
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Transit Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:
  Receipts from customers $ 139,330
  Payments to suppliers (1,201,676)
  Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (1,062,346)

Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:
  Taxes and aid from other governments 1,269,136
  Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities 1,269,136

Cash flows from investing activities:
  Interest earned 405
  Net cash provided by investing activities 405
  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 207,195

Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 141,750
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period $ 348,945

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used in) operating activities:
  Operating income (loss) $ (1,211,711)

Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:
  Depreciation 125,824

Changes in certain assets and liabilities:
  Accounts payable 23,541
  Total adjustments 149,365
  Net cash provided (used) by operating activities $ (1,062,346)
NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only those transactions attributable to the Transportation Development Act Funds used by the Redwood Coast Transit Authority (the Authority).

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Authority is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Authority owns buses and related equipment, and contracts with a third party, First Transit, Inc., for the operations of the bus routes in Del Norte County and surrounding areas. The financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only those transactions attributable to the Authority. The Authority does not exercise control over any other governmental agency. Criteria used in determining the reporting entity was based on control or dependence determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. In the financial statements in this report, the various funds are grouped into two generic fund types and one broad fund category as described below:

Proprietary Funds:
Enterprise Funds (Public Transit Fund) - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.
NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting (concluded)

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when earned and their expenses are recognized when incurred.

The fixed assets of the Proprietary Fund are recorded on a historical cost basis. Depreciation is provided for on the straight-line method over the remaining useful life of the asset, which ranges from five to forty years. The threshold for capitalizing capital expenses is $5,000.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. The Authority may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The Authority’s policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by other revenues if necessary.

D. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and, as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and investments are used in preparing the statement of cash flows because these assets are highly liquid and are expended to liquidate liabilities arising during the year.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs - other than quoted prices included within level 1 - that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.
NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

F. Contingencies

The Authority receives revenue from Federal, State and Local agencies that have requirements to be followed when expending these revenues. If the requirements are not followed, the unauthorized expenditures would be a liability to be refunded to the appropriate agency. Although that is a possibility, management currently deems the contingency remote based upon their knowledge of the objectives of the grantors and the provisions of the grants. Accordingly, no amount has been accrued as a contingent liability in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Net Position

In the financial statements, fund net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This category of net position reports the net book value of capital assets used in Authority operations including construction in progress all net of related accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the carrying value of related long-term debt issued to finance the acquisition of such assets.

- Restricted for debt service and capital projects - This category of net position reports all unspent proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt restricted for capital asset improvement, replacement, or construction net of the related long-term debt. It also includes funds restricted for debt service payment and reserve requirements.

- Unrestricted - Unrestricted net position represents all other assets net of related liabilities available for use by the Authority.

NOTE 2 - CASH & INVESTMENTS

The Treasurer of the Del Norte County Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash and investment pool. The total cash deposited with the County was $348,945 as of June 30, 2018.

Credit Risk, Carrying Amount and Market Value of Investments:
The Authority maintains specific cash deposits with the County and involuntarily participates in the external investment pool of the County. The County is restricted by state code in the types of investments it can make. The County investment pool would be classified as Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy. Furthermore, the County Treasurer has a written investment policy, approved by the Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than state code as to terms of maturity and type of investment. Also, the County has an investment committee that performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134.

The County’s investment policy authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor’s Corporation or P-1 by Moody’s Commercial Paper Record, bankers’ acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer’s investment pool. At June 30, 2018, the Authority’s cash with the County Treasurer is stated at fair value. However, the value of the pool shares in the County that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the Authority’s position in the pool.
NOTE 3 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in fixed assets of the Proprietary Fund is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Balance 6/30/17</th>
<th>Additions</th>
<th>Deletions</th>
<th>Balance 6/30/18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vehicles</td>
<td>$1,530,770</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$1,530,770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>1,032,198</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>1,032,198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
<td>2,562,968</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>2,562,968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less accumulated depreciation</td>
<td>(1,772,310)</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>(1,898,134)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fixed assets</td>
<td>$790,658</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$664,834</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Depreciation was $125,824 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Depreciation was calculated using the straight-line method over the useful life of the asset. Useful lives of the assets ranges from five to ten years.

NOTE 4 - FARE REVENUE RATIO

The Authority is required under the Transportation Development Act to maintain a fare revenue to operating expenses ratio of 10%. The calculation of the fare revenue ratio for the year ending June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Fare revenues $139,330
Excluded revenues per extension of service $-
Total $139,330
Operating expenses $1,351,041
Less: Depreciation $125,824
Capital outlay (8,063)
Exempted services $-
Total $1,217,154
Fare revenue ratio 11%

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority engages contractors for its operations and management services, and requires all of these contractors to provide commercial insurance covering such risks of loss.

NOTE 6 - CONCENTRATIONS

The Authority receives a substantial amount of its support from Transportation Development Act funding as well as Federal Transit Administration Grants. A reduction in the level of support may have a significant effect on the Authority’s activities.
NOTE 7 - LEASES

The Authority entered into a non-cancelable operating ground lease through 2024. Minimum future rental payments under the operating ground lease for future years in aggregate are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year Ending February 28:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2022</td>
<td>22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2023</td>
<td>22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2024</td>
<td>22,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$135,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Authority has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be issued.
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATUTES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND THE ALLOCATION INSTRUCTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS OF THE LOCAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Board of Directors
Redwood Coast Transit Authority
Crescent City, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Redwood Coast Transit Authority allocated for transit purposes as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 and have issued a report thereon dated November 27, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Additionally, we performed tests to determine that expenditures paid by the Redwood Coast Transit Authority were made in accordance with the allocation instructions and resolutions of the Del Norte Local Transportation Commission and in conformance with the California Transportation Development Act. Specifically, we performed each of the specific tasks identified in the California Code of Regulations Sections 6666 and 6667 that are applicable to Redwood Coast Transit Authority. In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Transportation Development Act Funds allocated for transit purposes to the Redwood Coast Transit Authority failed to comply with the Statutes, Rules, and Regulations of the California Transportation Development Act and the allocation instructions and resolutions of the Del Norte Local Transportation Commission. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Also as part of our audit, we performed tests of compliance to determine whether certain state funds were received and expended in accordance with the applicable bond act and the state accounting requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of Redwood Coast Transit Authority, the Del Norte Local Transportation Commission, the California Department of Transportation, and the State Controller’s Office and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.
R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
San Rafael, California
November 27, 2018
REDWOOD COAST TRANSIT AUTHORITY

BOARD & MANAGEMENT REPORT

For the Year Ended
JUNE 30, 2018
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE OF CONTENTS</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Report on Internal Controls</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required Communications</td>
<td>2-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Observations</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Redwood Coast Transit Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of its internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity’s ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity’s financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity’s internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity’s internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, as defined above. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Redwood Coast Transit Authority and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We thank Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s staff for its cooperation during our audit.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.
R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California
November 27, 2018
Board of Directors  
Redwood Coast Transit Authority  
Crescent City, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of Redwood Coast Transit Authority for the year ended June 30, 2018. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated March 15, 2018, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of Redwood Coast Transit Authority. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Redwood Coast Transit Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by Redwood Coast Transit Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the basic financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the basic financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accounting estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The most sensitive estimates affecting the basic financial statements were:

- Capital asset lives and depreciation expense;
- Fair value of investments and financial instruments.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. Of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management most were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.
Disagreements with Management
For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors’ report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations
We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 20, 2018.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants
In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a “second opinion” on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor’s opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues
We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Redwood Coast Transit Authority’s auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters
We applied certain limited procedures to the Management’s Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Redwood Coast Transit Authority and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.
Current Year Observations

There were no current year observations.

Prior Year Observations

There were no prior year observations.